

Chapter 8 Matrices Ex 8.1

Question 1.

(i) $[25-11]$

(ii) $[2 \ 3 \ -7]$

(iii) $\begin{bmatrix} 30-1 \end{bmatrix}$

(iv) $\begin{bmatrix} 201-407 \end{bmatrix}$

(v) $[278-12-\sqrt{0}]$

(vi) $[000000]$

Solution:

(i) It is square matrix of order 2

(ii) It is row matrix of order 1×3

(iii) It is column matrix of order 3×1

(iv) It is matrix of order 3×2

(v) It is matrix of order 2×3

(vi) It is zero matrix of order 2×3

Question 2.

(i) If a matrix has 4 elements, what are the possible order it can have ?

(ii) If a matrix has 8 elements, what are the possible order it can have ?

Solution:

(i) It can have 1×4 , 4×1 or 2×2 order

(ii) It can have 1×8 , 8×1 , 2×4 or 4×2 order

Question 3.

Construct a 2×2 matrix whose elements a_{ij} are given by

(i) $a_{ij} = 2i - j$

(ii) $a_{ij} = i \cdot j$

Solution:

(i) It can be $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(ii) It can be $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Question 4.

Find the values of x and y if : $[2x+y \ 3x-2y]=[54]$

Solution:

Comparing corresponding elements,

$$2x + y = 5 \dots(i)$$

$$3x - 2y = 4 \dots(ii)$$

Multiply (i) by 2 and (ii) by '1' we get

$$4x + 2y = 10, 3x - 2y = 4$$

Adding we get, $7x = 14 \Rightarrow x = 2$

Substituting the value of x in (i)

$$2 \times 2 + y = 5 \Rightarrow 4 + y = 5$$

$$y = 5 - 4 = 1$$

Hence $x = 2, y = 1$

Question 5.

Find the value of x if $[3x+y \quad -y \quad 2y-x \quad 3] = [1 \quad -5 \quad 2 \quad 3]$

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3x + y & -y \\ 2y - x & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Comparing the corresponding terms, we get.

$$-y = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -2$$

$$3x + y = 1 \Rightarrow 3x = 1 - y$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = 1 - (-2) = 1 + 2 = 3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

Hence $x = 1, y = -2$

Question 6.

If $[x+3 \quad 4y-4 \quad x+y] = [5 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 9]$, find values of x and y

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x + 3 & 4 \\ y - 4 & x + y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Comparing the corresponding terms, we get.

$$x + 3 = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5 - 3 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow y - 4 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 3 + 4 = 7$$

$$x = 2, y = 7$$

Question 7.

Find the values of x , y and z if

$$\begin{bmatrix} x+2 & 6 & 3 & 5 & z \\ -5 & 3 & y & 2 & -20 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution:

Comparing the corresponding elements of equal determinants,

$$x + 2 = -5$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -5 - 2 = -7$$

$$\therefore x = -7, 5z = -20$$

$$\Rightarrow z = -\frac{20}{5} = -4 \Rightarrow y^2 + y = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + y - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 + 3y - 2y - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 3) - 2(y + 3) = 0 \Rightarrow (y + 3)(y - 2) = 0$$

$$\text{Either } y + 3 = 0,$$

$$\text{then } y = -3 \text{ or } y - 2 = 0, \text{ then } y = 2$$

$$\text{Hence } x = -7, y = -3, 2, z = -4.$$

Question 8.

Find the values of x , y , a and b if

$$\begin{bmatrix} x-2 & a+2 & by & 3a-b \\ 3 & 5 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution:

Comparing corresponding elements

$$x - 2 = 3, y = 1$$

$$x = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$a + 2b = 5 \dots\dots(i)$$

$$3a - b = 1 \dots\dots(ii)$$

Multiplying (i) by 1 and (ii) by 2

$$a + 2b = 5, \quad 6a - 2b = 2$$

Adding, we get, $7a = 7 \Rightarrow a = 1$

Substituting the value of a in $\dots(i)$

$$1 + 2b = 5 \Rightarrow 2b = 5 - 1 = 4 \Rightarrow b = 2$$

Hence $x = 5, y = 1, a = 1, b = 2$

Question 9.

Find the values of a, b, c and d if

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+b & 5+c & 3ab \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & d & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a + b & 3 \\ 5 + c & ab \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & d \\ -1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Comparing the corresponding terms, we get.

$$3 = d \Rightarrow d = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 5 + c = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow c = -1 - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow c = -6$$

$$a + b = 6 \text{ and } ab = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (a - b)^2 &= (a + b)^2 - 4ab \\ &= (6)^2 - 4 \times 8 = 36 - 32 = 4 = (\pm 2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore a - b = \pm 2$$

$$(i) \text{ If } a - b = 2$$

$$a + b = 6$$

$$\text{Adding, we get } 2a = 8 \Rightarrow a = 4$$

$$a + b = 6 \Rightarrow 4 + b = 6 \Rightarrow b = 6 - 4 = 2$$

$$\therefore a = 4, b = 2$$

$$(ii) \text{ If } a - b = -2$$

$$a + b = 6$$

$$\text{Adding, we get, } 2a = 4 \Rightarrow a = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$a + b = 6 \Rightarrow 2 + b = 6 \Rightarrow b = 6 - 2 = 4$$

$$\therefore a = 2, b = 4$$

$$\text{Hence } a = 4, b = 2, \text{ or } a = 2, b = 4$$

$$c = -6 \text{ and } d = 3$$

Question 10.

Find the values of x , y , a and b , if

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3x+4y & 2x-2y & a+b & 2a-b-1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 22 & 45 & -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution:

Comparing the corresponding terms, we get.

$$3x + 4y = 2 \dots\dots(i)$$

$$x - 2y = 4 \dots\dots(ii)$$

Multiplying (i) by 1 and (ii) by 2

$$3x + 4y = 2, 2x - 4y = 8$$

$$\text{Adding we get, } 5x = 10 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

Substituting the value of x in (i)

$$3 \times 2 + 4y = 2, 6 + 4y = 2, 4y = 2 - 6 = -4$$

$$y = -1$$

$$\therefore x = 2, y = -1$$

$$a + b = 5 \quad \dots(iii)$$

$$2a - b = -5 \quad \dots(iv)$$