

SST : CLASS V B

Lesson- 12

Travelling Around

I. Tick (✓) the correct option.

1. Which is the fastest means of transport?

Ans. Aeroplane

2. Railways are an important means of _____ transport.

Ans. Land

3. Which River is used for inland water transport.

Ans. Brahmaputra

4.:The busiest airport in India is:

Ans.IGI airport

5.Which is the longest railway line in the world?

Ans.Trans- Siberian railways

II.Fill in The Blanks

1. Aeroplane
2. Kutcha
3. road, rail or air transport
4. Suez canal, Panama canal
5. China

III.Make the statements as true T for falls F.

1. Airplanes are the fastest means of transport.
(T)

2. Panama canal joins the Atlantic Ocean and the Indian Ocean .(F)

3. The Desert Queen and the Palace on Wheels have been introduced specially for foreign tourists. (T)

4. Some roads of a country are often connected to the roads of another country these are called international highways. (T)

5. Grand Trunk Road connects India with Nepal.
(F)

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IV. Answer in brief.

1. Name any two means of land transport.

Ans. Bus , train.

2. Name any two means of transport for people in villages.

Ans. Bullock carts , tractor.

3. Name any two international airports in India.

Ans. Indra Gandhi International Airport and Netaji subhash Chandra Bose International Airport.

4. Which means of transport is cheap and fast?

Ans. Railways.

5. How much time will it take to travel from India to England by ship through the Suez canal ?

Ans. 15 days.

V. Answer the following questions.

1. Name any six major ports in India.

Ans. Kolkata, Paradeep, Vishakhapatnam, Chennai, New Mangalore, Mumbai.

2. Write any two disadvantages of Airways as compared to roadways.

Ans. Air travel is very expensive. It is also not possible to transport heavy and bulky goods by air.

3. Describe India's road network in brief.

Ans. The Indian road network consists of expressways, national highways, freeways, state highways and other major district and rural roads. They connect towns and major cities. Some roads of a country are often connected to the roads of another country and are called international highways.

4. What are oil tankers and refrigerated ships?

Ans. Petroleum is carried in special ships called oil tankers. Meat, vegetables and fruits are carried in refrigerated ships.

5. Write any four uses of railways.

Ans. (I) Railways carry crores of passengers.

(II) Railways carry heavy and bulky goods from one part of country to another.

(III) Railways provide a cheap and fast means of transport.

(IV) In times of crisis railways carry men and material to places where they are most needed.