

CLASS V ENGLISH I

LESSON 18 BOOK WORK

EXERCISE 1: Underline the adverbs of place in the following sentences.

- a) He has come back.
- b) The little Lamb followed Mary everywhere.
- c) Let us go out.
- d) The servant has gone upstairs.
- e) The peon is standing outside.
- f) We sat inside.
- g) Come in and sit down.
- h) Stand there.
- i) The kite flies high in the sky.
- j) The owl comes out at night.
- k) Bring your book here.
- l) Look, there he is.
- m) I have been looking for you everywhere.
- n) Work hard, or you will be kept in.

EXERCISE 2: Write down three sentences, each containing an adverb of place.

- 1) Keep the pencil somewhere.
- 2) He looked up.
- 3) My brother is out.

EXERCISE 3: Underline the adverbs of time in the following sentences.

- a) We shall now begin to work.
- b) You must get up early.
- c) I hurt my knee yesterday.
- d) Obey me instantly.
- e) He is going to Chennai shortly.
- f) I shall come afterwards.
- g) Lately he has become lazy.
- h) Once I heard the cuckoo singing.
- i) I shall get a letter tomorrow.
- j) Formerly we lived in Kolkata.
- k) That day he arrived late.
- l) Never speak rudely to anyone.
- m) Good boys never tell a lie.
- n) My father comes here daily, but my mother seldom comes.
- o) Sometimes I think he'll never get well.
- p) He has been there before, and he will come here again.

EXERCISE 4: Write down three sentences each containing an adverb of time.

- 1) Please reach early.
- 2) I will go to Mumbai tomorrow.
- 3) I have heard this before.

EXERCISE 5: Identify and write the type of adverb in the underlined words in the following sentences.

- a) Sachin practised batting regularly. Adverb of frequency
- b) Gloria always wanted to be a teacher. Adverb of frequency
- c) The little girl sipped her cold drink eagerly. Adverb of manner
- d) My cousins will meet me tomorrow. Adverb of time
- e) The wind blew fiercely. Adverb of manner
- f) There is water logging everywhere. Adverb of place
- g) The pilot quickly boarded the airplane. Adverb of manner
- h) We had almost finished the work when the computer crashed. Adverb of degree

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Q1) Define adverbs of place.

Ans) The adverbs which show where some action is done are called adverbs of place.

Q2) Define adverbs of time.

Ans) The adverbs which show when some action is done are called adverbs of time.

Q3) Define adverb of frequency.

Ans) An adverb of frequency is used to indicate how often a certain action is done or takes place.

LESSON 19 BOOK WORK

EXERCISE 1: Underline the correct prepositions from the words given in brackets.

- a) I ran (in/around/towards) the house as it was getting late.
- b) We walked (up/in/on) the stairs.
- c) My friend jumped (over/under/below) the bushes.
- d) He lives (in/on/under) Paris.
- e) There is a fence (around/over/under) the field.
- f) Please be (on/in/of) time for class.

EXERCISE 2: FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH SUITABLE PREPOSITIONS.

- a) The horse is in the stable.
- b) He got angry at me.
- c) Do not go across the river.
- d) The cat jumped over the fence.
- e) He sat on the chair.
- f) The coolie saw a snake near his foot.
- g) The sky is above our heads.
- h) We took shelter under a tree.
- i) You will be punished for your fault.
- j) It is raining; do not go without your umbrella.
- k) There is a fence around the field.
- l) Take care of your books.
- m) Rama hid behind the door.
- n) We cut cloth with scissors.
- o) Sunday is the first day of the week.
- p) Kolkata stands on the banks of the Hooghly.
- q) The river flows under the bridge.
- r) The camel can live without water for days.
- s) Kangaroos live in Australia.
- t) The train is due at six.
- u) I don't like travelling at night.
- v) It is very kind of you.

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Q1) What are prepositions?

Ans) A preposition is a word that usually tells where or when something is in relation to something else.